

# Sensory Approaches and New Methods for Developing Grain-Based Products

Symposia · Oglethorpe CC

Monday 26 October 2016

8:40 a.m. 102-S

Perception dynamics of grain-based ready-to-eat cereal products using TCATA

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### **Eating & drinking**

Many sensations are elicited

Visual sensationsTastes

AromasSounds

TexturesTemperature

FlavorsPain

 Consumer perceptions can be investigated using check-all-that-apply (CATA)

Check the words that <b>describe Sample 470</b> (check <u>all</u> that apply).				
Oats flavor	Corn/corn meal flavor	Cardboard flavor		
Chocolate flavor	Bitter taste	Malty flavor		
Sweet taste	Peanut butter flavor	Chemical flavor		
Sour taste	Crunchy texture	Salty taste		
Vanilla flavor	Mouth-pucker (drying)	Tooth-packing texture		
Grainy texture	Caramel flavor	Other		

Check the words that <b>describe Sample 470</b> (check <u>all</u> that apply).					
Oats flavor	Corn/corn meal flavor	Cardboard flavor			
✓ Chocolate flavor	✓ Bitter taste	✓ Malty flavor			
✓ Sweet taste	Peanut butter flavor	Chemical flavor			
Sour taste	Crunchy texture	Salty taste			
Vanilla flavor	✓ Mouth-pucker (drying)	✓ Tooth-packing texture			
✓ Grainy texture	Caramel flavor	Other			

#### When is CATA used?

- Consumers can use CATA to characterize samples
- Consumers can also indicate which samples they like and dislike
- Creates an opportunity to investigate how consumer liking and perception are linked

#### What is TCATA?

Temporal check-all-that-apply (TCATA) extends
 CATA to continuously track sensory properties

 It is a new method (proposed in 2014) that builds on earlier temporal methods that are not focused on attribute intensities

Check and re-check words to track changes in the cereal.				
0:00				
Oats flavor	Corn/corn meal flavor			
Chocolate flavor	Bitter taste			
Sweet taste	Peanut butter flavor			
Crunchy texture	Other			

Check and re-check words to track changes in the cereal.  Timer starts when Start button is clicked			
Oats flavor	Corn/corn meal flavor		
Chocolate flavor	Bitter taste		
Sweet taste	Peanut butter flavor		
Crunchy texture	Other		

Check and re-check words to track changes in the cereal. Consumers check and re-check attributes to describe the sample				
Oats flavor	Corn/corn meal flavor			
Chocolate flavor	Bitter taste			
Sweet taste	Peanut butter flavor			
Crunchy texture	Other			

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	nstruction promp ppear at specific	
a	ppear at specific	
	Oats flavor	Corn/corn meal flavor
	Chocolate flavo	or Bitter taste
	Sweet taste	Peanut butter flavor
	Crunchy textur	e Dther

Check and re-check words to track changes in the cereal.			
1:00			
Oa <b>Evaluation</b>	ends at a set time		
Chocolate flavor	Bitter taste		
Sweet taste	Peanut butter flavor		
Crunchy texture	Other		

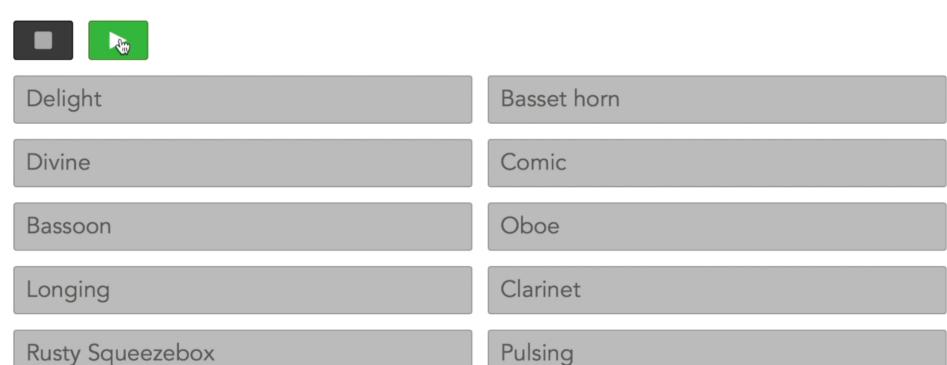


Video/sound recording and photography are

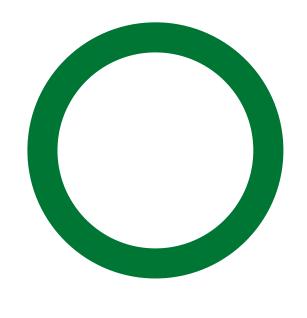
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## Temporal Check-All-That-Apply (TCATA)





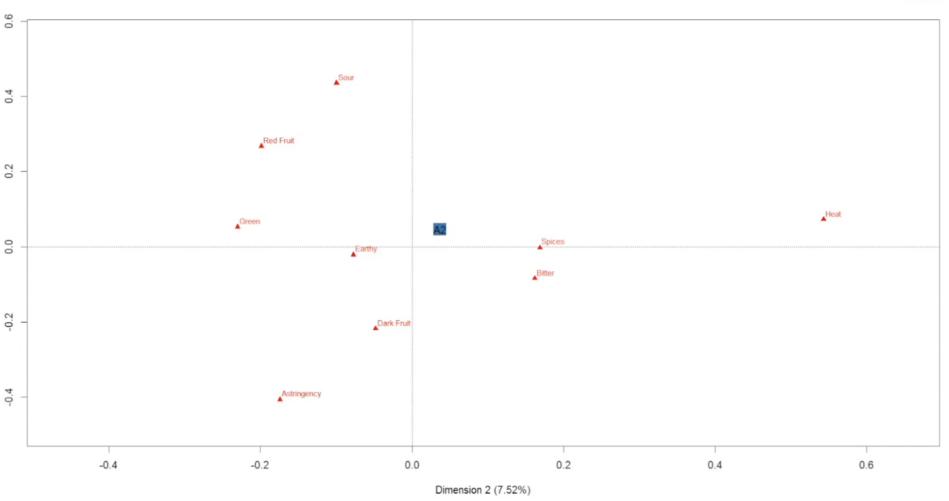


Video/sound recording or photographing is

permitted

for the remainder of the presentation.

### **Perception dynamics**



#### When is TCATA used?

- Consumers can perform TCATA to characterize how sensations evolve over time
- Again, consumers can indicate which samples they like and dislike
- This creates a new opportunity to investigate how consumer liking and perception dynamics are linked

### Ready-to-eat (RTE) breakfast cereals

6 chocolate-flavored cereals



#### **Consumers**

76 high-school teenage category consumers

	Grades 9-10	<b>Grades 11-12</b>
Male	20	22
Female	18	16

Parental/guardian consent was required. Both teens and parents/guardians were financially compensated for their participation.

#### Task familiarization & practice

#### Verbal instructions / task description (2 min)

1 <sup>st</sup> cup	Delay	2 <sup>nd</sup> cup	Comment	Liking	Delay
1-min	5-s	1-min	on other	9-point	
TCATA	delay	TCATA	sensations	scale	
evaluation		evaluation			_
					1

Practice sample



0



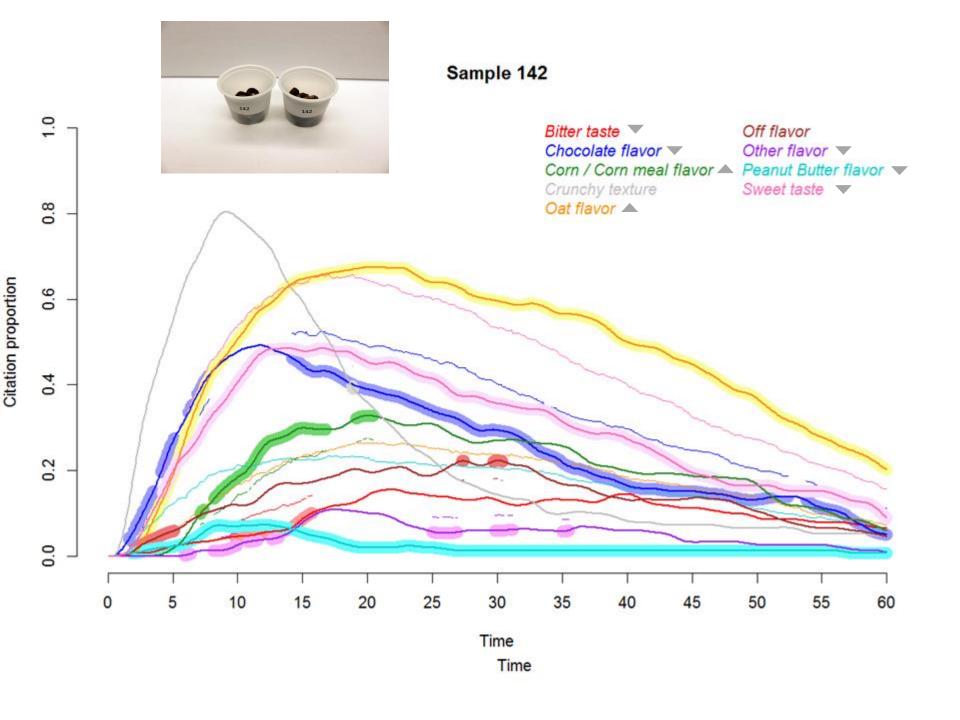


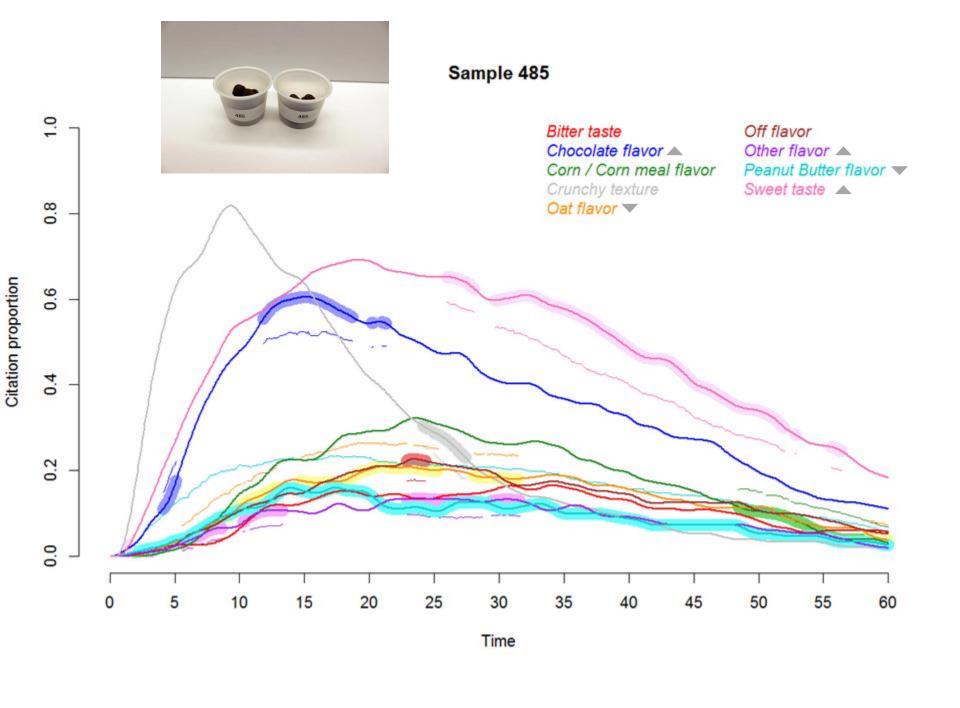


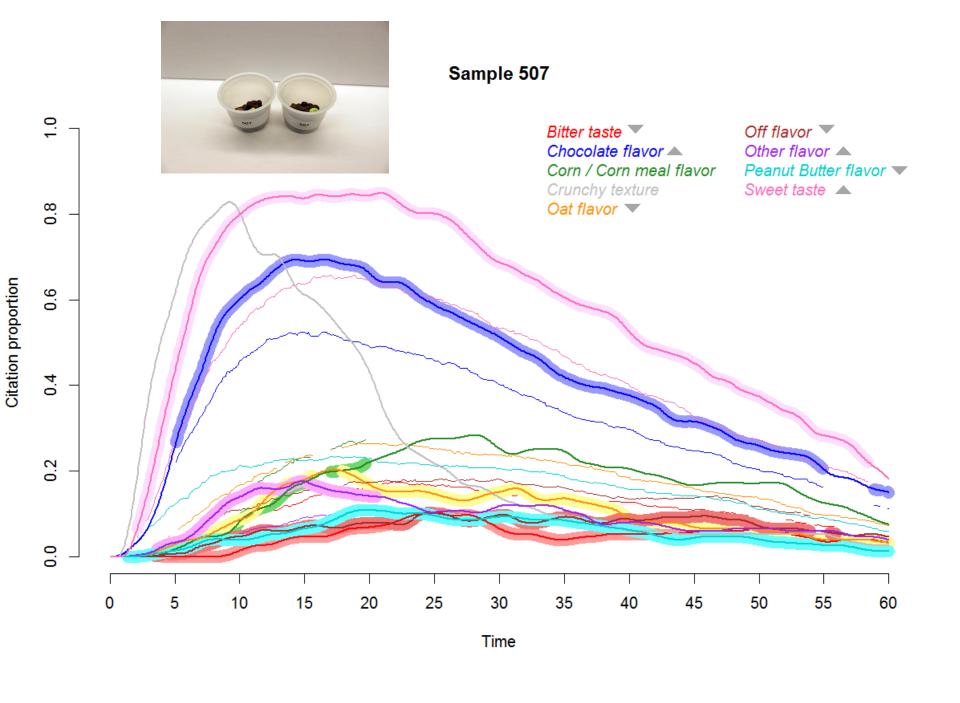


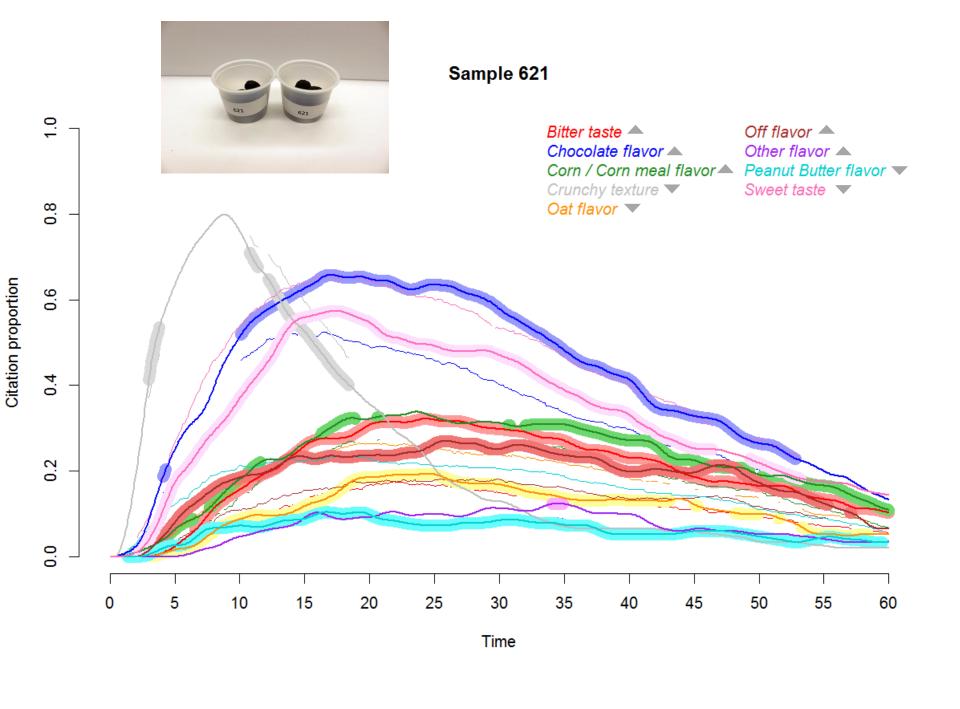
## **Evaluation of samples**

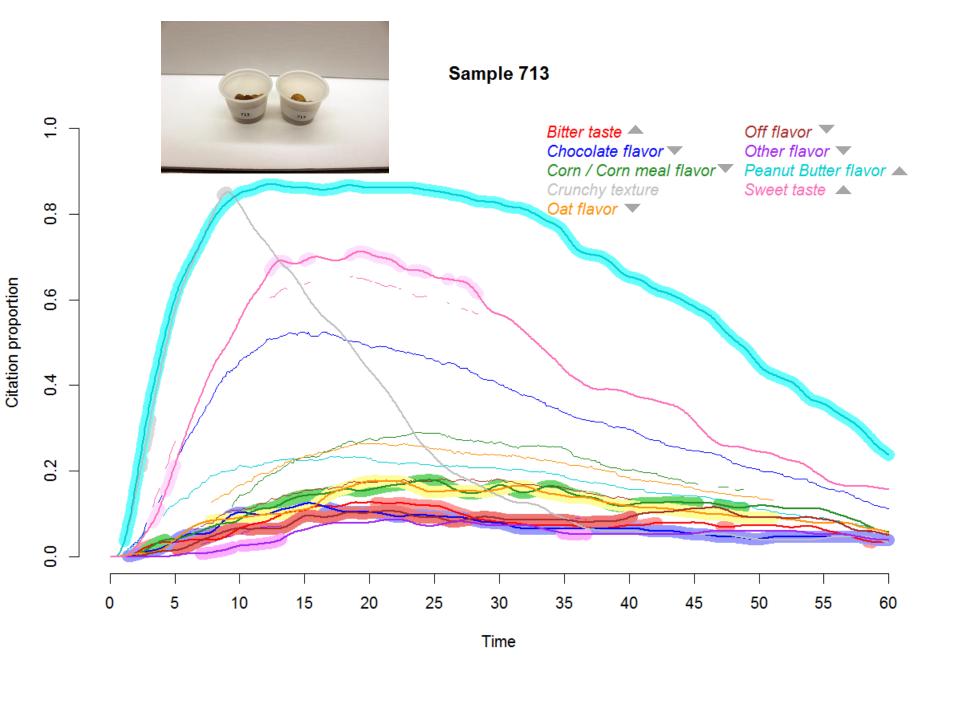
	Q1. 1 <sup>st</sup> cup 1-min TCATA evaluation	<b>Delay</b> 5-s delay	Q2. 2 <sup>nd</sup> cup 1-min TCATA evaluation	Q3. Comment on other sensations	<b>Q4. Liking</b> 9-point scale	<b>Delay</b> 30-s delay
1 <sup>st</sup> sample		0				0
2 <sup>nd</sup> sample		0				0
3 <sup>rd</sup> sample		0				0
4 <sup>th</sup> sample		0				0
5 <sup>th</sup> sample		0				0
6 <sup>th</sup> sample		0				

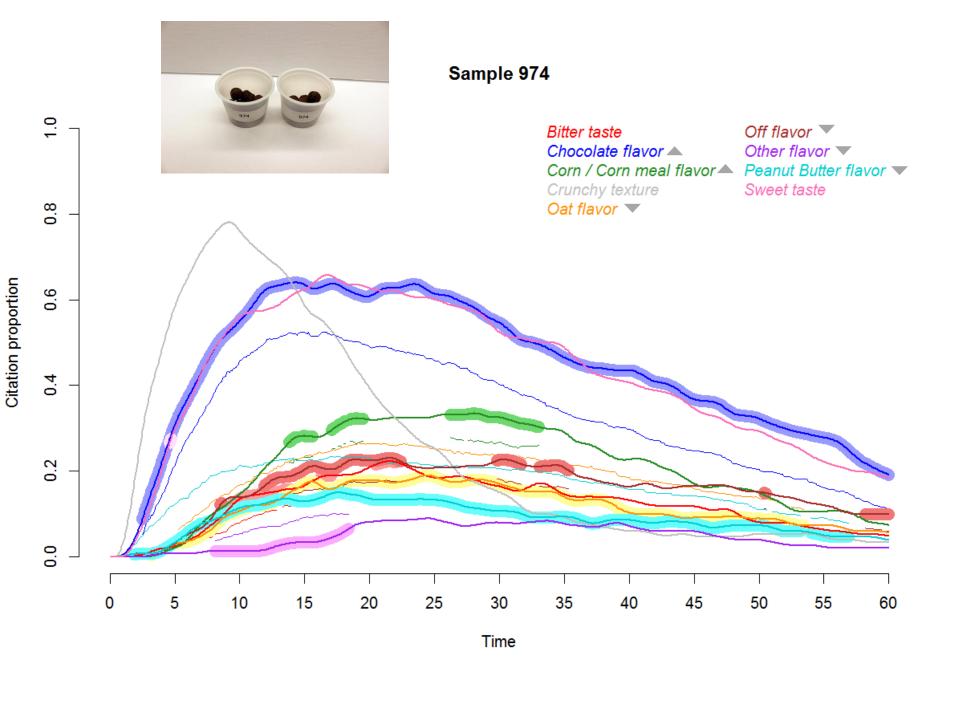


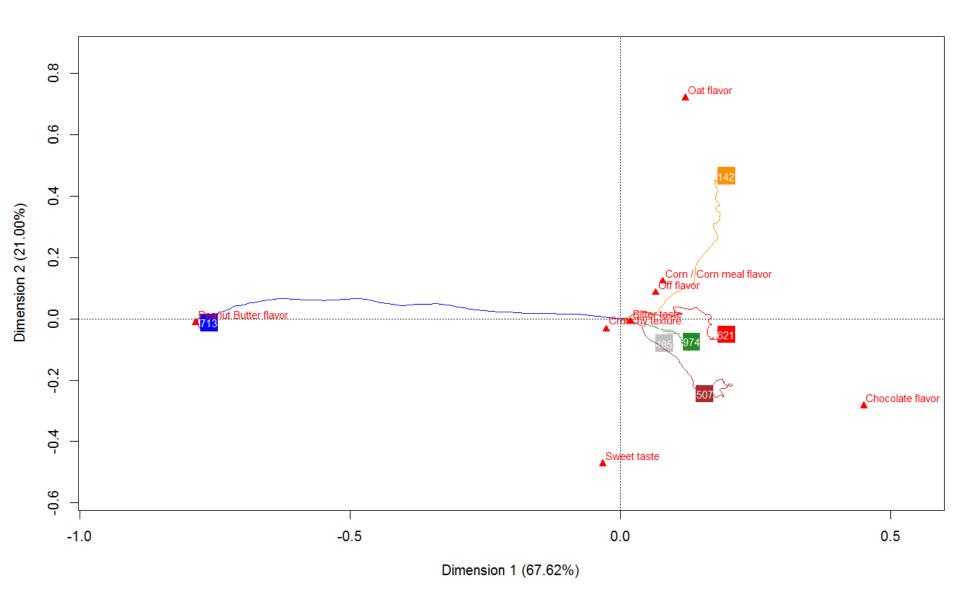


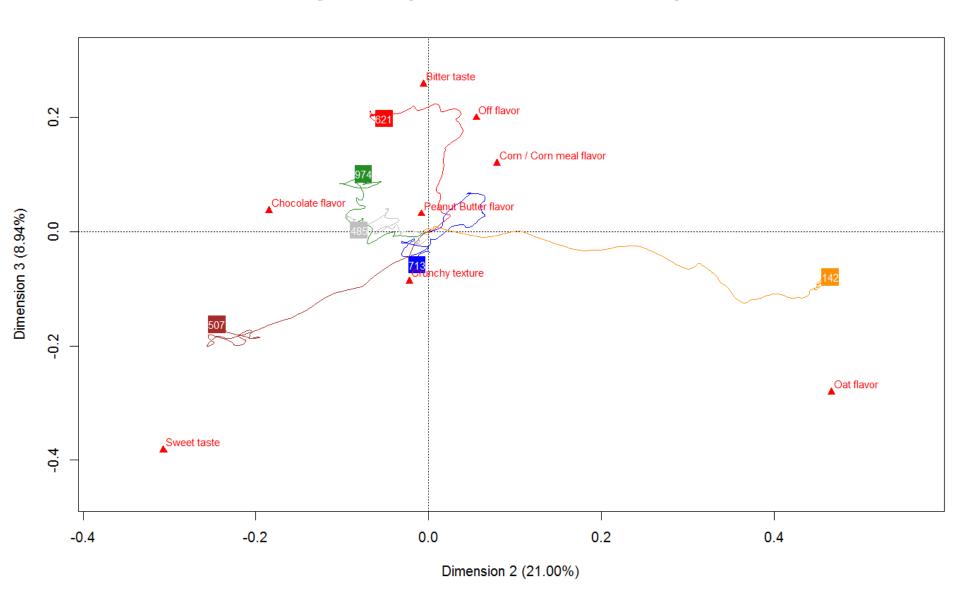








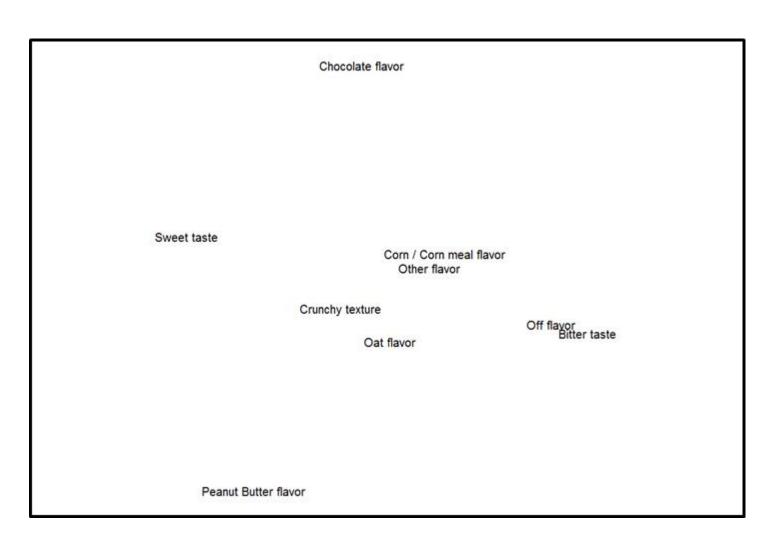




#### **Attribute correlations**

Pearson's φ-coefficient measures correlation between binary variables.

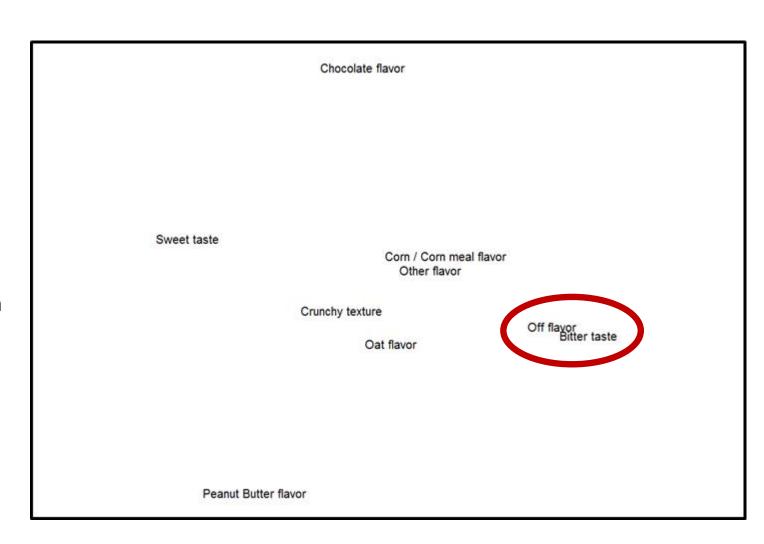
MDS based on the distance matrix (1-φ).



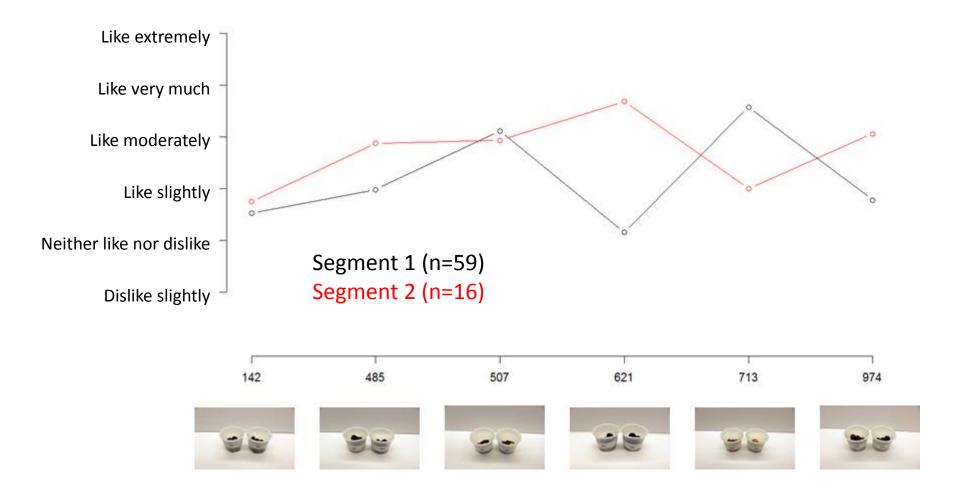
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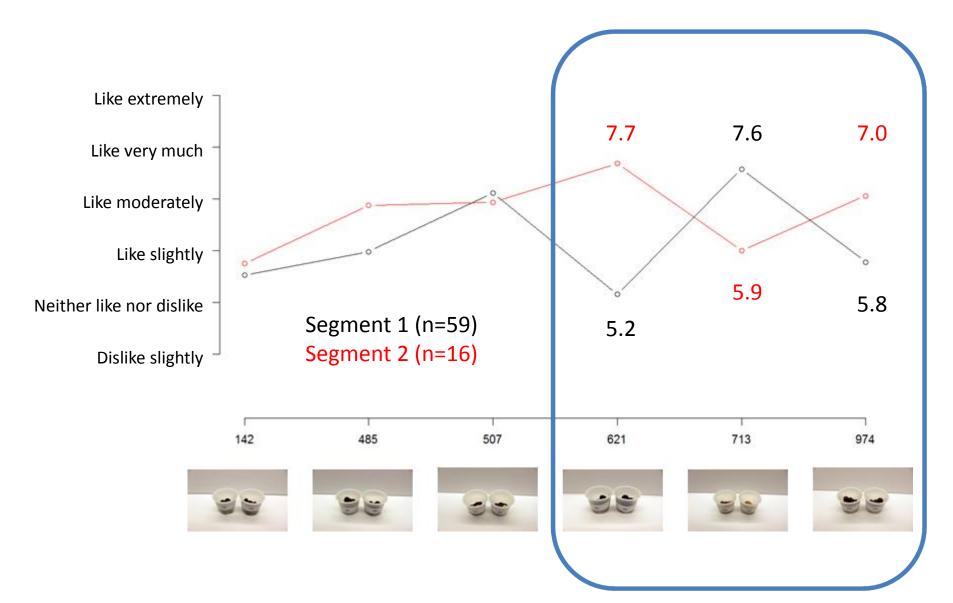
MDS based on the distance matrix (1-φ).

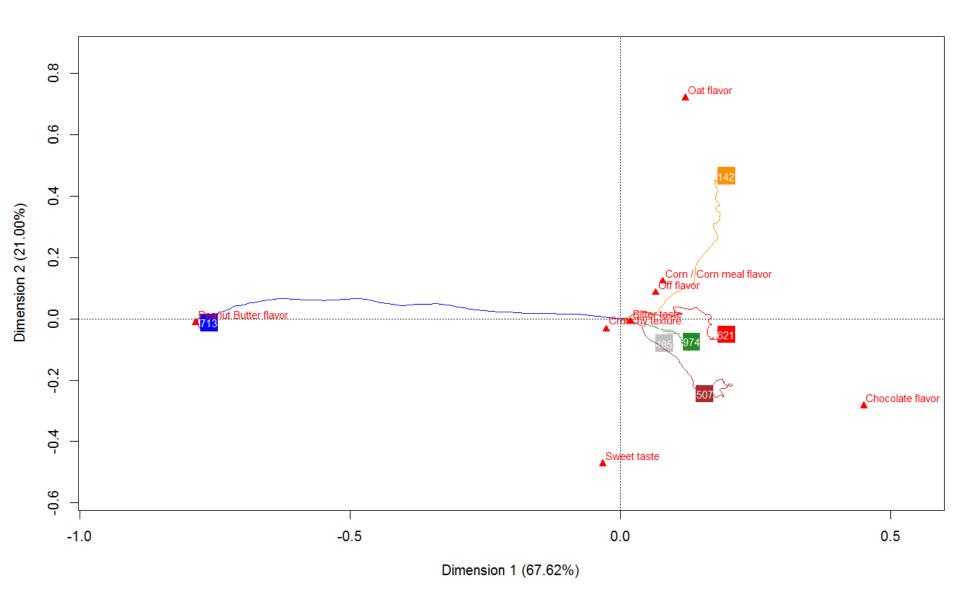


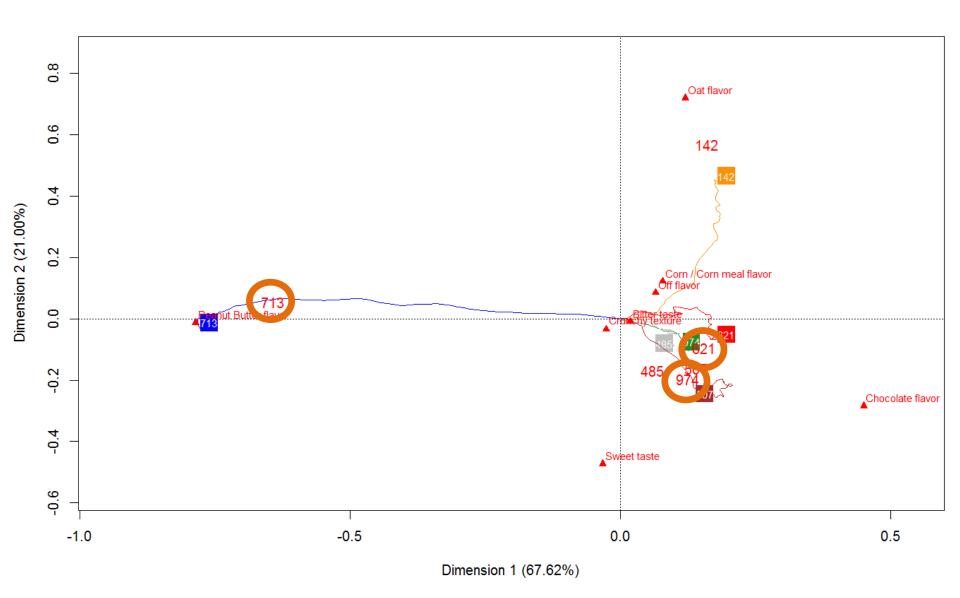
## **Liking clusters**

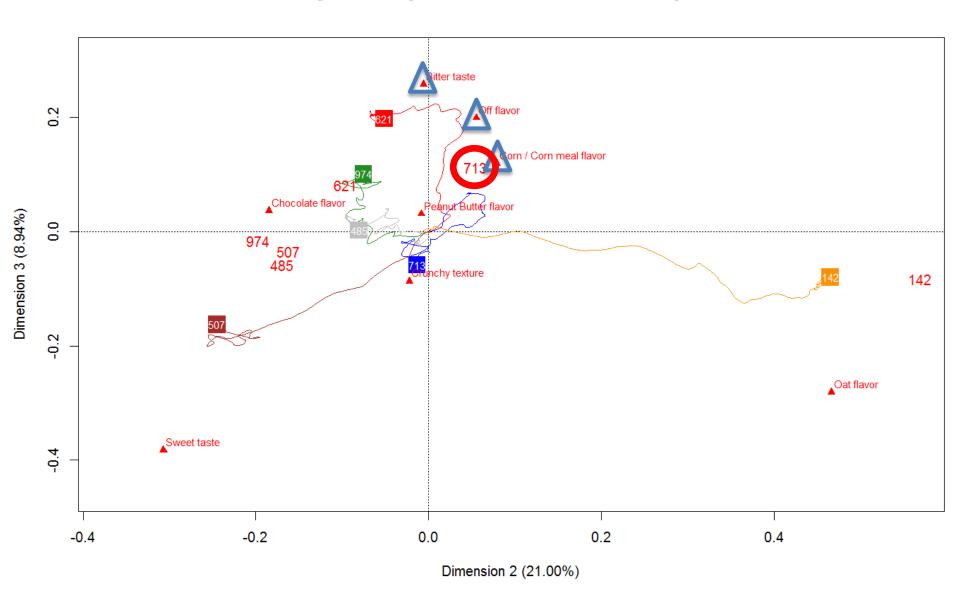


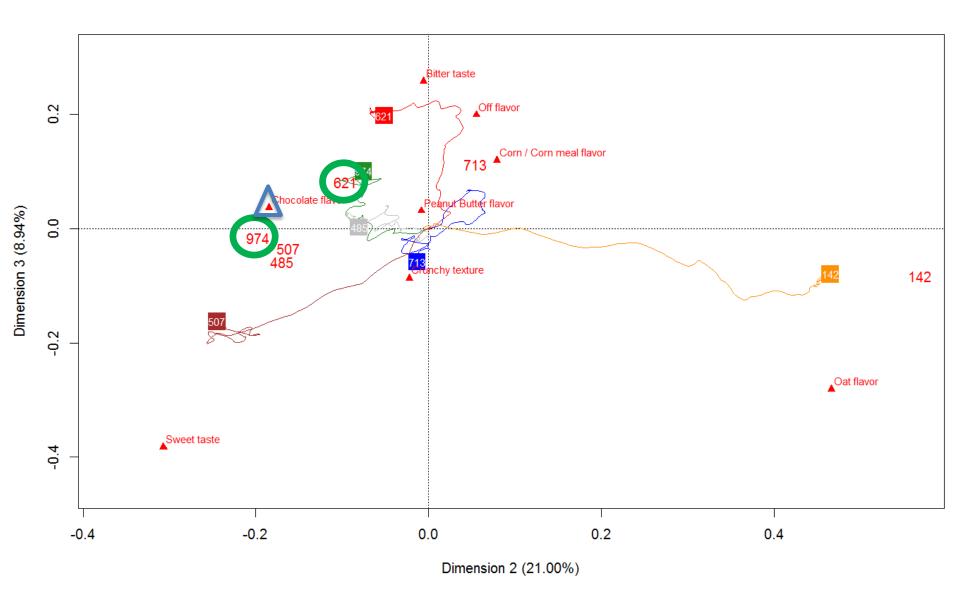
## **Liking clusters**











## Positive hedonic drivers (selected)

<b>Concurrent attributes</b>	<b>Proportion</b>	<b>Effect</b>
Crunchy + Sweet	0.19	+1.9
Peanut butter + Sweet	0.12	+1.7
Sweet	0.51	+1.4
Peanut Butter	0.20	+1.3

## Negative hedonic drivers (selected)

<b>Concurrent attributes</b>	<b>Proportion</b>	<b>Effect</b>
Bitter	0.14	-1.7
Off flavor	0.16	-1.7
Corn/Corn meal	0.22	-0.5

#### **Conclusions**

Products can be characterized dynamically using the TCATA method with negligible training by teenage consumers.

It is possible to co-investigate hedonics and dynamics of consumer perception to understand variability.



#### Some examples of TCATA applications

- Early-stage formulation/reformulation
  - Explore the temporal evolution of sensations of prototypes and/or of products in the category

- Investigating impact of ingredients/process
  - Designed experiments to investigate how ingredient/process changes affect sensory outcomes

- Product reformulations
  - Confirm that reformulation/process changes have successfully differentiated the product

#### **Refereed Publications**

- Ares, G., Castura, J. C., Antúnez, L., Vidal, L., Giménez, A., Coste, B., Picallo, A., Beresford, M. K., Chheang, S. L., & Jaeger, S. R. Comparison of two TCATA variants for dynamic sensory characterization of food products. Food Quality and Preference, 54, 160-172. <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.foodqual.2016.07.006">http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.foodqual.2016.07.006</a>
- Ares, G., Jaeger, S. R., Antúnez, L., Vidal, L, Giménez, A., Coste, B., Picallo, A., & Castura, J. C. (2015). Comparison of TCATA and TDS for dynamic sensory characterization of food products, *Food Research International*, 78, 148-158. <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.foodres.2015.10.023">http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.foodres.2015.10.023</a>
- Baker, A. K., Castura, J. C., & Ross, C. J. Temporal check-all-that-apply characterization of Syrah wine. *Journal of Food Science*, 81, S1521–S1529. http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/1750-3841.13328
- Boinbaser, L., Parente, M. E., Castura, J. C., & Ares, G. (2015). Dynamic sensory characterization of cosmetic creams during application using Temporal Check-All-That-Apply (TCATA) questions. *Food Quality and Preference*, 45, 33-40. <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.foodqual.2015.05.003">http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.foodqual.2015.05.003</a>
- Castura, J. C., Antúnez, L., Giménez, A., & Ares, G. (2016). Temporal Check-all-that-apply (TCATA): A novel dynamic method for characterizing products. *Food Quality and Preference*, 47, 79-90. <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.foodqual.2015.06.017">http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.foodqual.2015.06.017</a>
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- Castura, J. C., Baker, A. K., & Ross, C. F. (2016). Using contrails and animated sequences to visualize uncertainty in dynamic sensory profiles obtained from temporal check-all-that-apply (TCATA) data. *Food Quality and Preference*, 54, 90-100. http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.foodqual.2016.06.011 Open access
- Jaeger, S. R., Beresford, M. K., Hunter, D. C., Alcaire, F., Castura, J. C., & Ares, G. (2017). Does a familiarization step influence results from a TCATA task? Food Quality and Preference, 55, 91-97. http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.foodqual.2016.09.001
- Meyners, M., Castura, J. C., & Carr, B. T. (2013). Existing and new approaches for the analysis of CATA data. *Food Quality and Preference*, 30, 309-319. http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.foodqual.2013.06.010
- Oliveira, D., Antúnez, L., Giménez, A., Castura, J. C., Deliza, R., & Ares, G. (2015). Sugar reduction in probiotic chocolate-flavored milk: Impact on dynamic sensory profile and liking. *Food Research International*, 75, 148-156. <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.foodres.2015.05.050">http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.foodres.2015.05.050</a>

#### Acknowledgements

- Thanks to Chris Findlay & Compusense Sensory Services for product selection advice, teen recruit, and data collection.
- Thanks to The Saul Zaentz Company for permission to use the clip from the movie Amadeus, and to Paul Zaentz for kind handling of this request.

Reference:

Zaentz, S. (Producer), & Forman, M. (Director). (1984). *Amadeus* [DVD]. Burbank, CA: Warner Home Video.

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- Thanks to the AACC International and the Society of Sensory Professionals for the invitation to participate in this meeting.
- Also, thank you for your kind attention.

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